

POPSF2026 - June 22nd-26th, 2026 - MPIA/Heidelberg

Imaging New Worlds: SPHERE, SPHERE+, and the PCS Pathway to the ELT

Gaël Chauvin
(MPIA/Exo-Worlds Imaging Group)

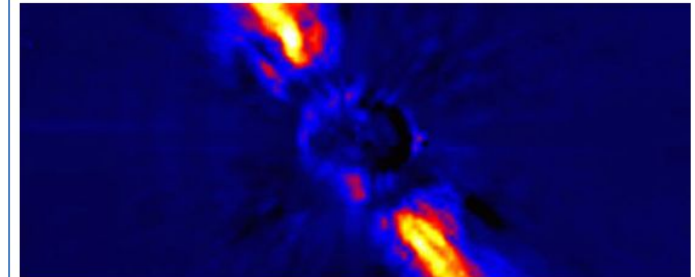


A Thomas Henning's Legacy

Press Release

New Detailed Image of the Disk around Beta Pictoris

11 June 1997



Disc around Beta Pictoris (Credit: ESO)

This new and very detailed image of the famous circumstellar disk around the southern star Beta Pictoris was obtained with the ESO ADONIS adaptive optics system at the 3.6-m telescope and the Observatoire de Grenoble coronagraph. It shows (in false colours) the scattered light at wavelength 1.25 micron (J band) and is one of the best images of this interesting feature obtained so far.

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Yes, it is the Image of an Exoplanet

Astronomers Confirm the First Image of a Planet Outside of Our Solar System

30 April 2005



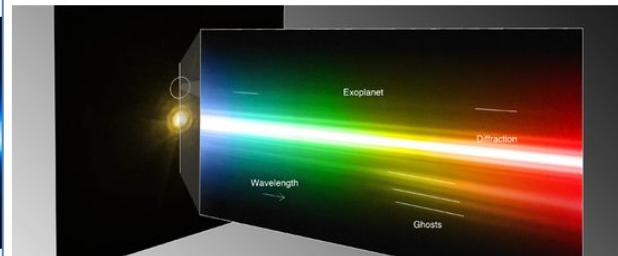
The brown dwarf 2M1207 and its planetary companion (Credit: ESO)

An international team of astronomers reports today confirmation of the discovery of a giant planet, approximately five times the mass of Jupiter, that is gravitationally bound to a young brown dwarf. This puts an end to a year long discussion on the nature of this object, which started with the detection of a red object close to the brown dwarf.

Press Release

VLT Captures First Direct Spectrum of an Exoplanet

13 January 2010



Spectrum of the planet around HR 8799 (annotated) (Credit: ESO/M. Janson)

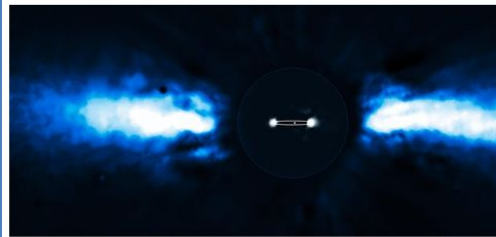
By studying a triple planetary system that resembles a scaled-up version of our own Sun's family of planets, astronomers have been able to obtain the first direct spectrum – the "chemical fingerprint" [1] – of a planet orbiting a distant star [2], thus bringing new insights into the planet's formation and composition. The result represents a milestone in the search for life elsewhere in the Universe.

The spectrum of a planet in the Solar System. It provides less information about the chemical elements in the planet's

Press Release

Exoplanet Caught on the Move

10 June 2010



Exoplanet caught on the move (Credit: ESO/A.-M. Lagrange)

For the first time, astronomers have been able to directly follow the motion of an exoplanet as it moves side of its host star to the other. The planet has the smallest orbit so far of all directly imaged exoplanets almost as close to its parent star as Saturn is to the Sun. Scientists believe that it may have formed to the giant planets in the Solar System. Because the star is so young, this discovery proves that gas can form within discs in only a few million years, a short time in cosmic terms.

Only 12 million years old, or less than three-thousandths of the age of the Sun, Beta Pictoris is 75% more massive than the Sun.

A Thomas Henning's Legacy

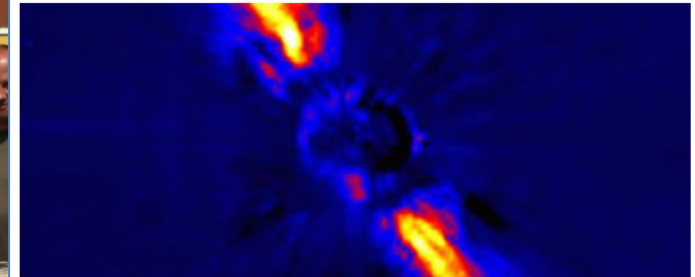
VLT-PF/CHEOPS concept for SPHERE (2003 meeting!)



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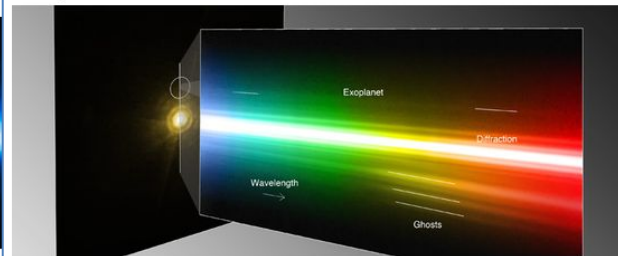
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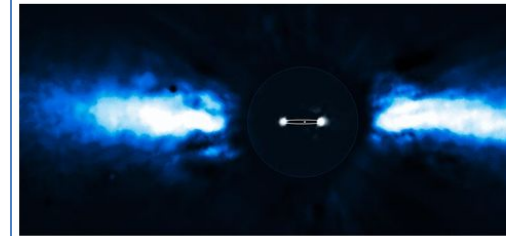
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The resolution of a planet in this system is a first. It provides new information about the chemical elements in the planet's atmosphere.

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SPHERE, a human endeavor

Consortium

INSU/IPAG: J.-L. Beuzit (PI), D. Mouillet/G. Chauvin* (PS), P. Puget (PM), A.-M. Lagrange*, P. Delorme, M. Benisty, F. Ménard, J. Milli, H. Beust, M. Bonnefoy, C. Dougados, J.-C. Augereau, A.-L. Maire, C. Desgrange, G. van der Plas*, M. Villenave*, L. Rodet*. **MPIA:** M. Feldt (Co-PI), **T. Henning**, R. van Boekel, M. Keppler*, M. Samland, A. Pohl*, W. Brandner, J. Olofsson*, S. Brown, N. Pawellek. **INSU/LAM:** K. Dohlen (SE), M. Langlois*, A. Vigan, H. Le Coroller, F. Cantalloube, E. Choquet, A. Zurlo*, G. Salter*, P. Vernazza. **INSU/LESIA:** A. Boccaletti, D. Rouan, Y. Clénet, P. Baudoz, R. Galicher, D. Gratadour, P. Kervella, C. Perrot, G. Singh*, T. Schmidt*. **INAF/OAPD:** M. Turratto, R. Gratton, S. Desidera, A. Baruffolo, V. D'Orazi, R. Claudi, D. Mesa, A. Garuffi*, E. Sissa*, S. Antonucci, M. Bonavita*, C. Lazzoni*. **INSU/Lagrange:** E. Lagadec, M. Carillet, R. Ligi, Z. Khorrami*, M. N'Diaye. **ETH-Z:** H.-M. Schmid, S. Quanz, N. Engler, C. Thalmann*, C. Tschudi, H. Avenhaus*, M. Meyer*, G. Cugno*. **ONERA:** J. Sauvage, A. Costille, T. Fusco, L. Munier, **UvA/ASTRON:** C. Dominik, C. Ginski, M. Kenworthy, G. Muro-Arena*, T. Stolker, R. van Holstein*, J. de Boer*, A. Bohn*. **Geneva Obs.:** S. Udry, D. Segransan, F. Wildi, J. Hagelberg, A. Cheetham*, S. Perretti*, E. Buenzli*. **ESO:** M. Kasper, Z. Wahhaj, C. Romero, G. Zins ... (non exhaustive...)



& Collaborations...

Steward Observatory: S. Ertel, V. Faramaz, **Univ. Stockholm:** M. Janson, G. Viswanath, Eriksson, S. Ringqvist. **Univ. Heidelberg:** S. Haffert, L. Stock. **Exeter:** S. Hinkley, C. Lazzoni, I. Baraffe, **INSU/CRAL-ENS:** O. Flasseur, J. Dalland, C. Graf, M. Langlois, G. Chabrier, F. Soulez, M. Tallon, M. Loupias, D. Homeier, **Univ. Edinburgh:** B. Biller, K. Rice, Forgan. **Univ. Bern:** C. Mordasini, C. Fontanive, G. Marleau, A. Emsenhuber, **CEA:** E. Pantin, P.O. Lagage, P. Tremblin, **STScI:** J. Girard, E. Rickman, **JPL/Caltech:** A. Potier, D. Mawet, **Leiden Univ.:** I. Snellen, R. Landman, Y. Miguel, J.-M. Désert, **U. Chile:** L. Perez, P. Rojo, S. Jorquera, M. Lombart, A. Gallenne, R. Mendez, M. Videla, **Univ. Valparaiso:** A. Bayo, N. Godoy, S. Petrus, **Univ. Santiago:** P. Weber, S. Perez **Univ. Cambridge:** M. Wyatt, S. Marino, **Univ. Bordeaux:** H. Bouy, E. di Folco, A. Dutrey, V. Pietu, S. Guilloteau, **Monash Univ:** D. Price, I. Hammond, C. Pinte ... (non exhaustive...)

VLT/Paranal

UT3

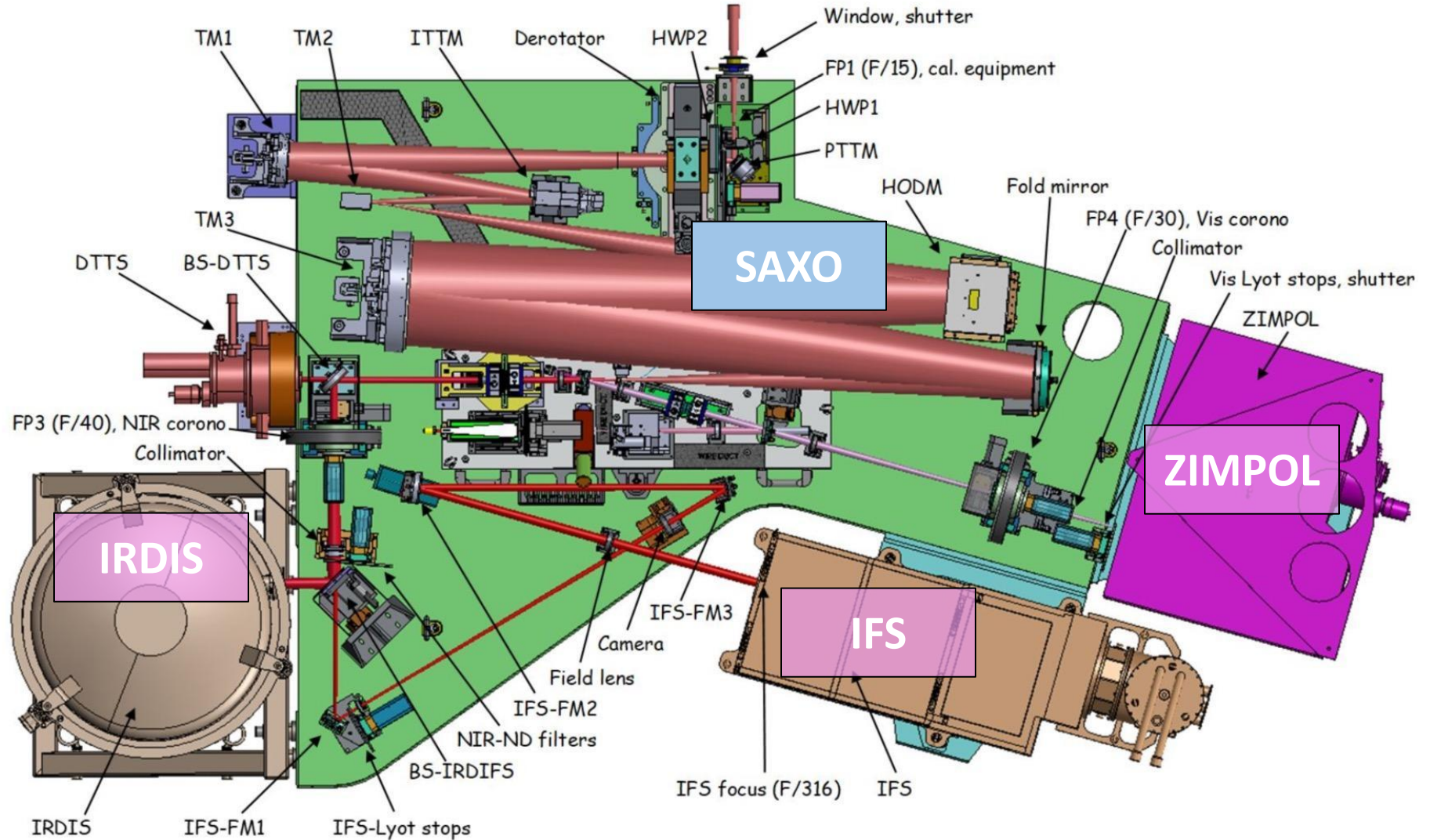


SPHERE@UT3

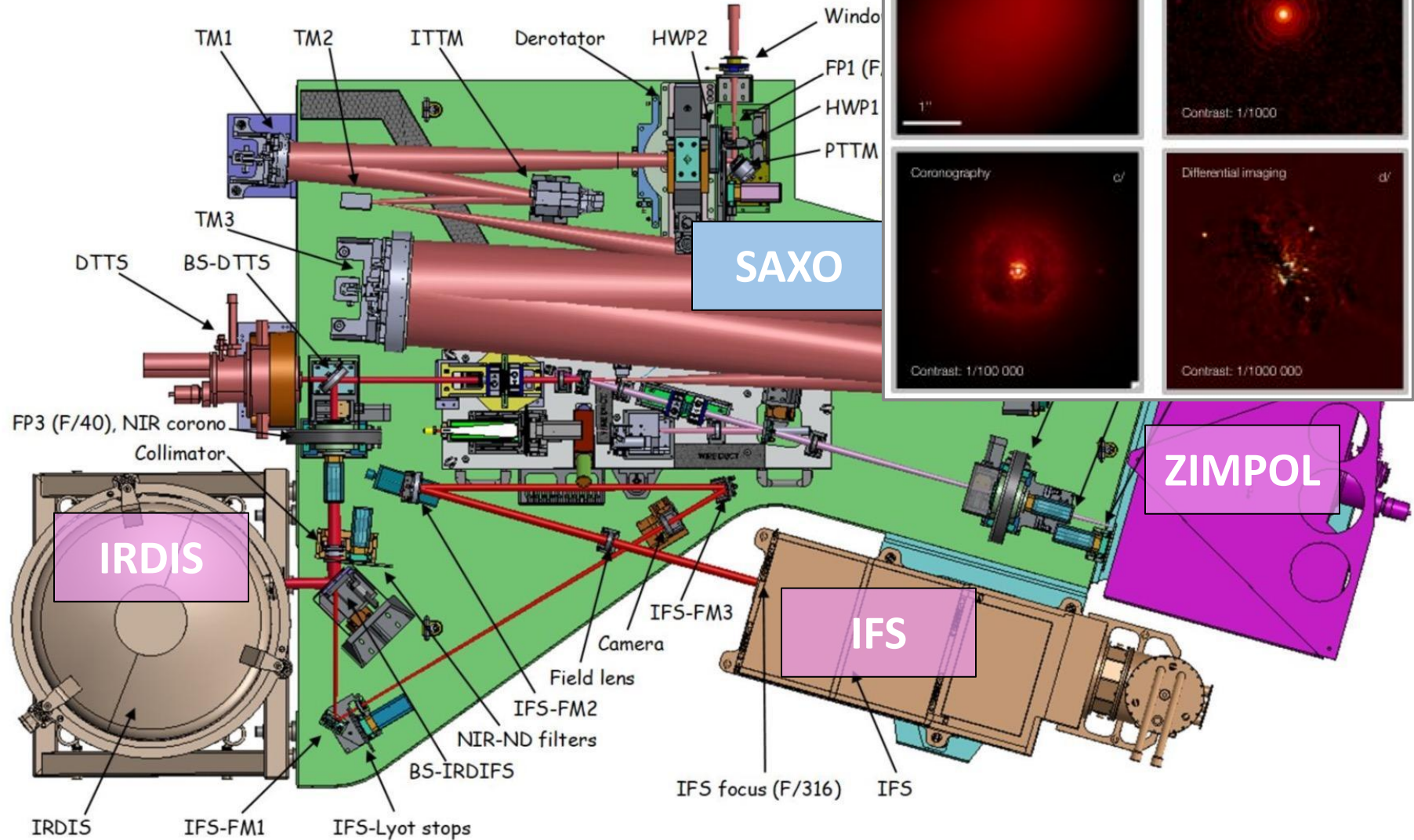
First light: May, 2014



Inside SPHERE

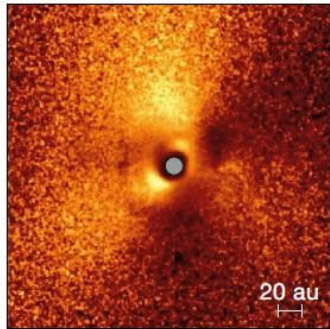


Inside SPHERE

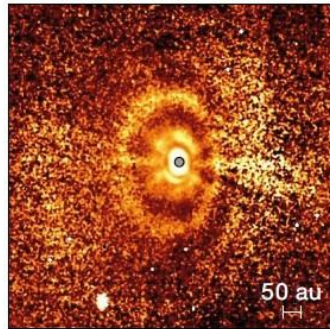


Transformational for disks

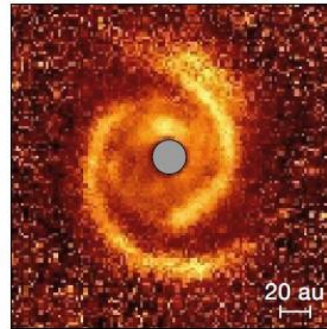
Spirals, shadows, gaps & ring in circumstellar disks



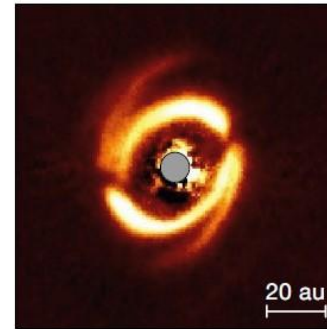
HD 100546



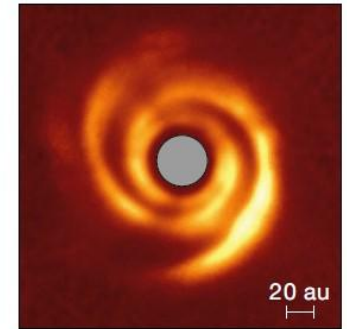
HD 97048



MWC 758

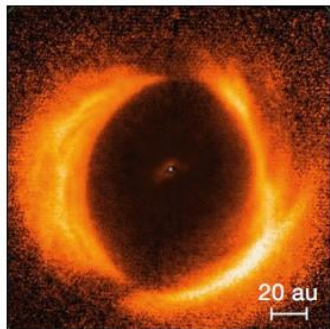


HD 100453

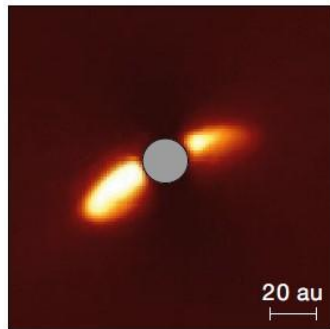


HD 135344B

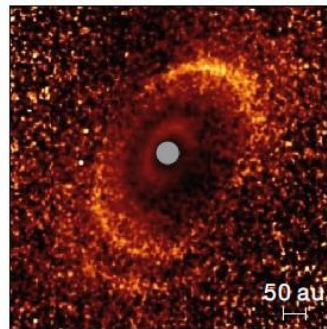
Early stellar type ← Herbig Ae/Be stars → F stars →



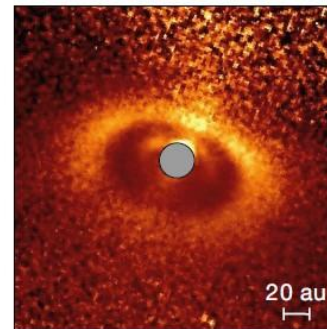
HD 142527



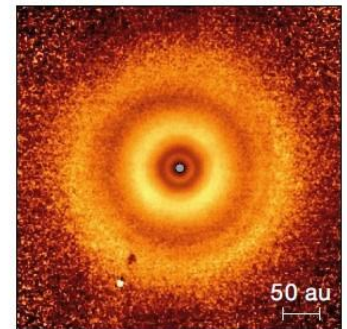
T Cha



RX J1615-3255



LkCa15



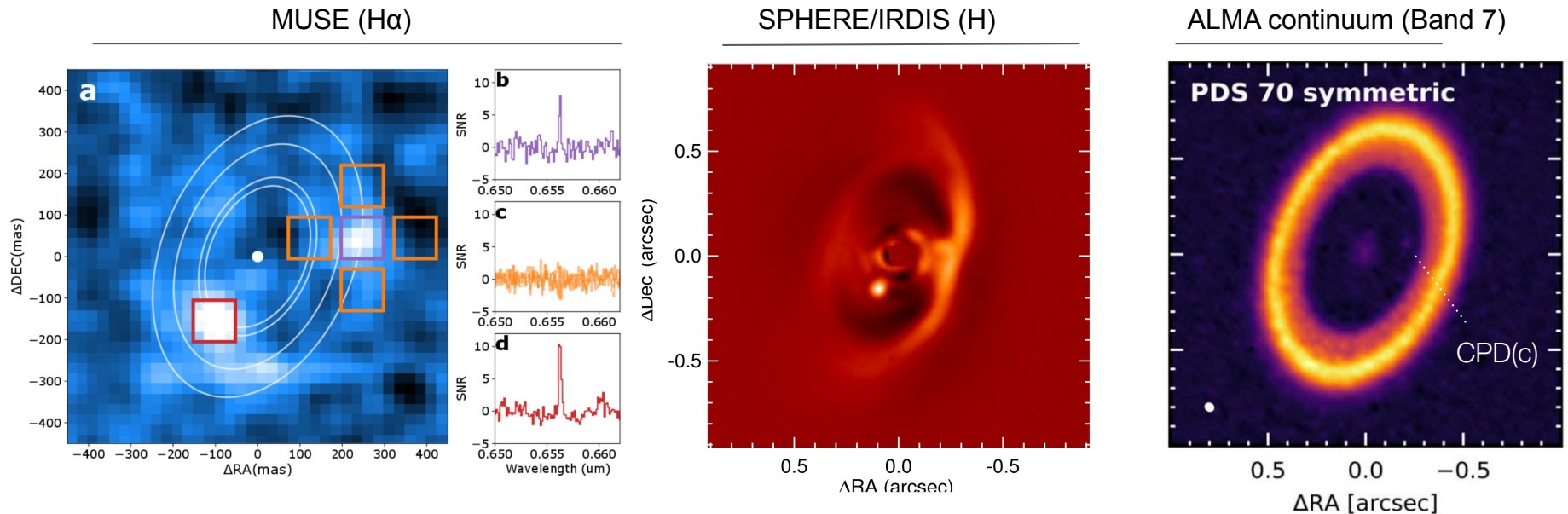
TW Hya

T Tau stars →

Late stellar type →

First protoplanets!

PDS70 b & c: Planet(s) caught in formation



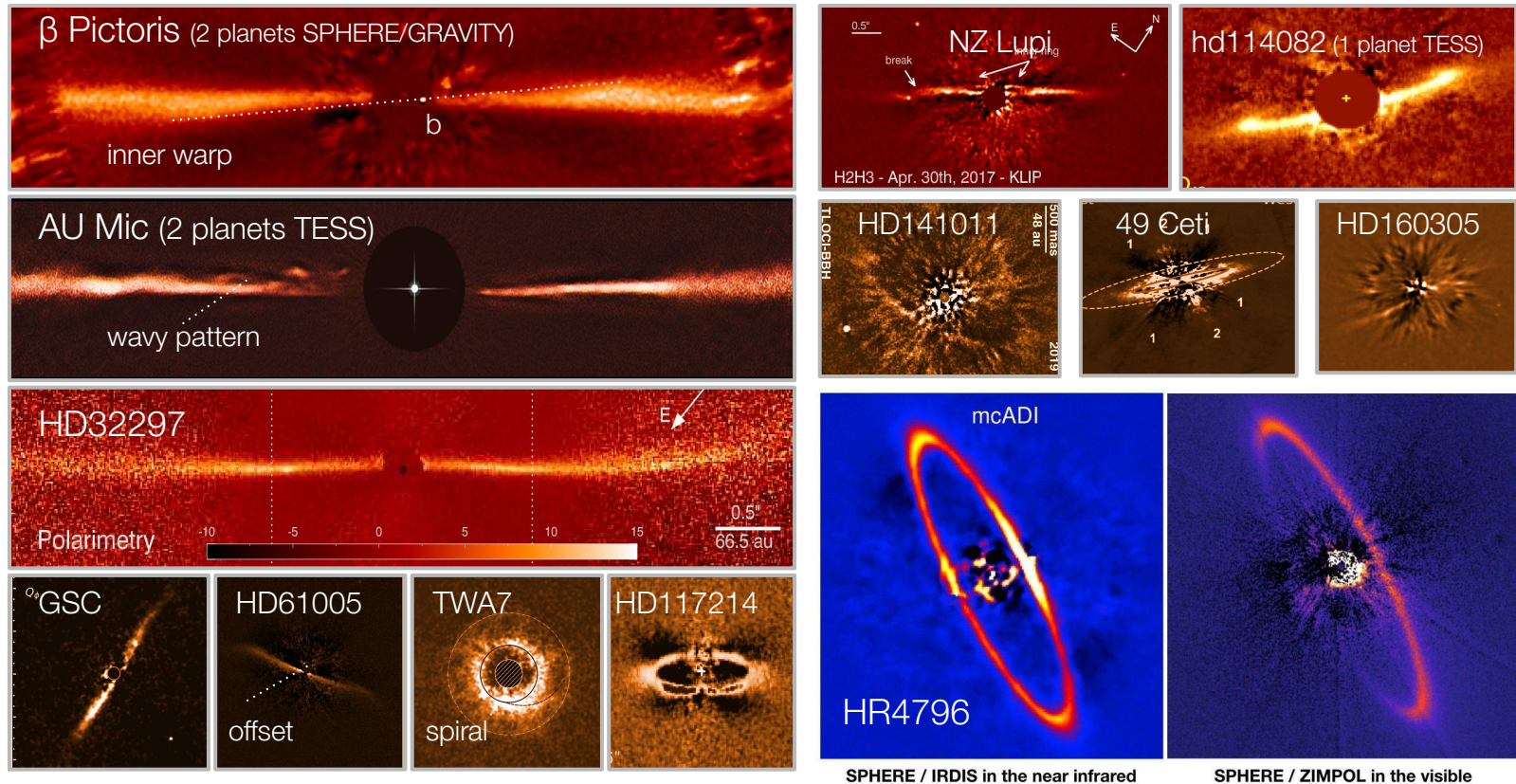
- Direct insights on protoplanet(s): giant planet formation, planet/disk interactions, architectures & stability, multiple planetary systems, circumplanetary disks, physics of accretion ($L_{H\alpha}$, accretion shocks on CPD versus planet's surface) & exomoons.

Synergies: ALMA, MUSE, CRISP+, JWST, *ERIS*, *MAVIS* SKA & *ELT*

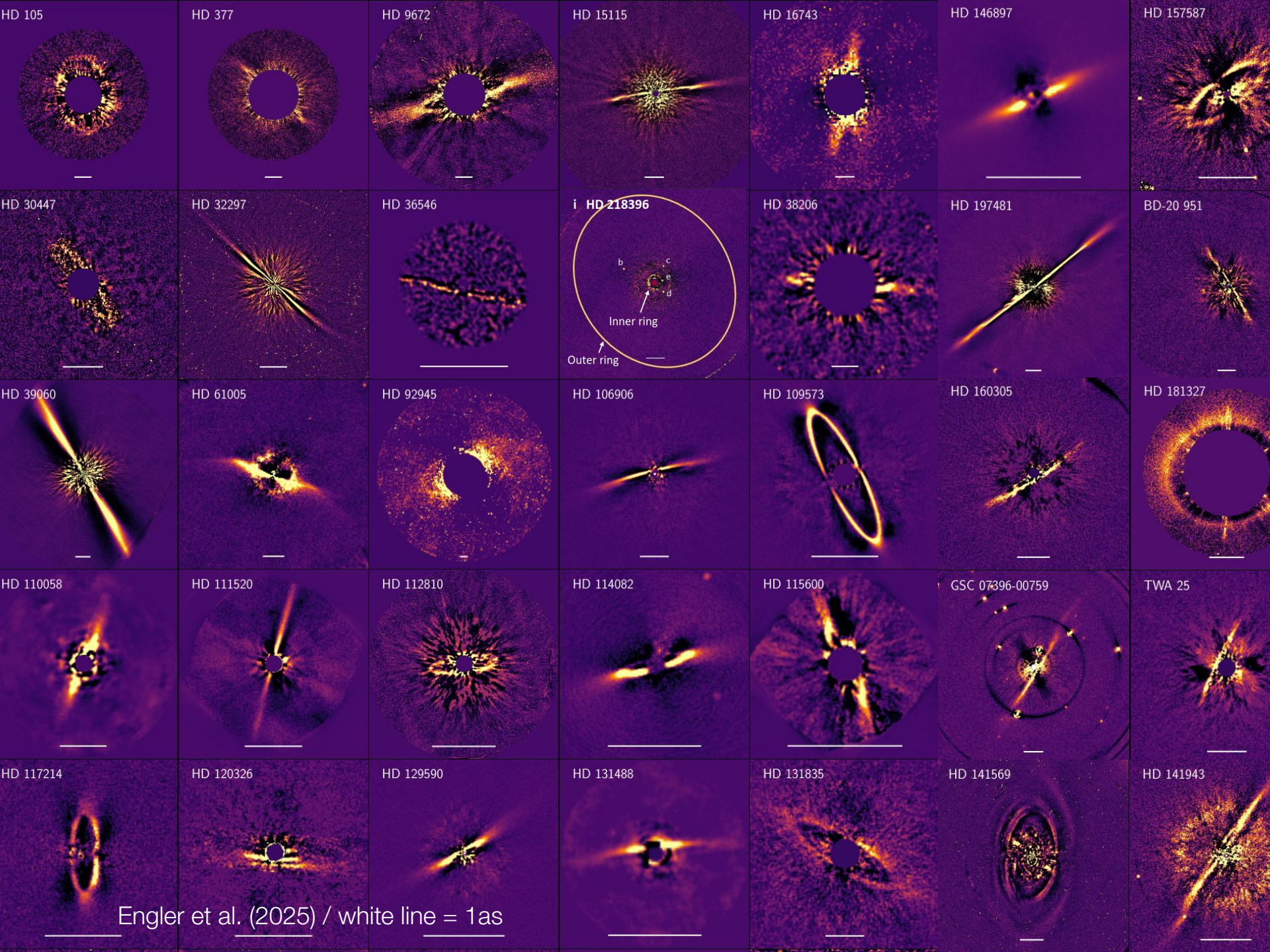
Keppler et al. 2018, 2019, Müller et al. 2018, Christiaens et al. (2018), Mesa et al. 2019, Haffert et al. 2019, Cugno et al. 2019, Gratton et al. 2019, Sissa et al. 2019, Thanathibodee et al. (2019), Xie et al. (2020), Wang et al. 2021, Benisty et al. 2021, Ayoma et al. (2021), Marleau et al. (2022), Currie et al. (2022)

Orbits & Architectures

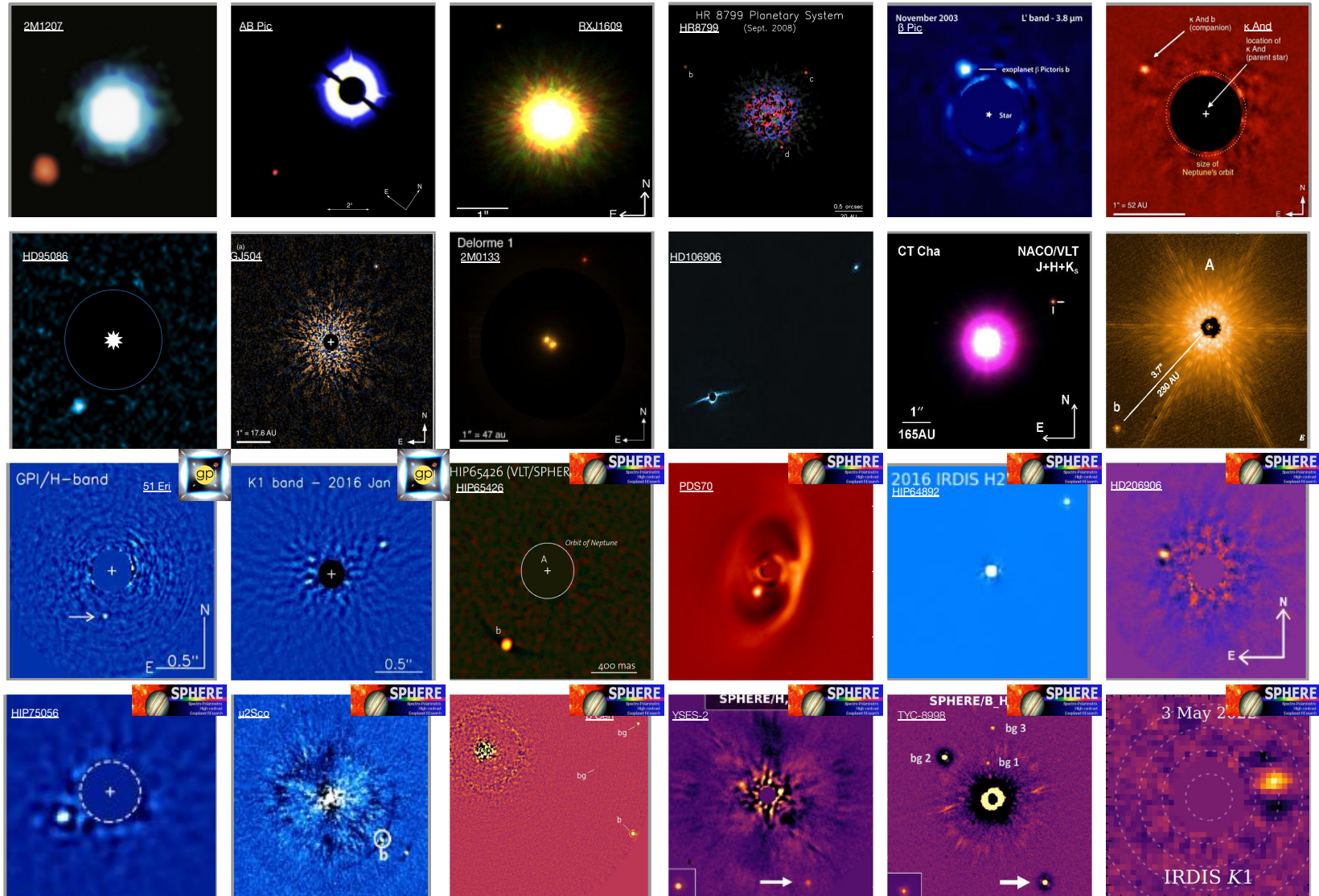
Planet(s) & Debris Belt(s)



- Morphologies: exoplanetary orbits & debris disk belt(s) location, sub-structures (warp, cavities, spiral, wavy pattern, eccentricity, offset...), exo-cometary activity, exo-zodi dust,
- Dust properties: polarized flux, phase function, grain size, structure & composition,



New Exoplanets Discoveries

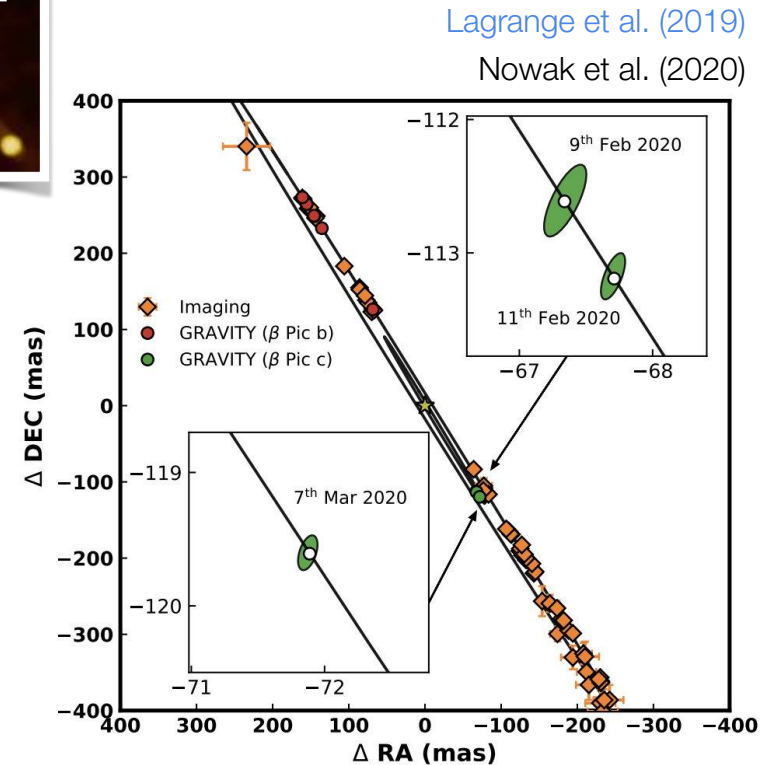
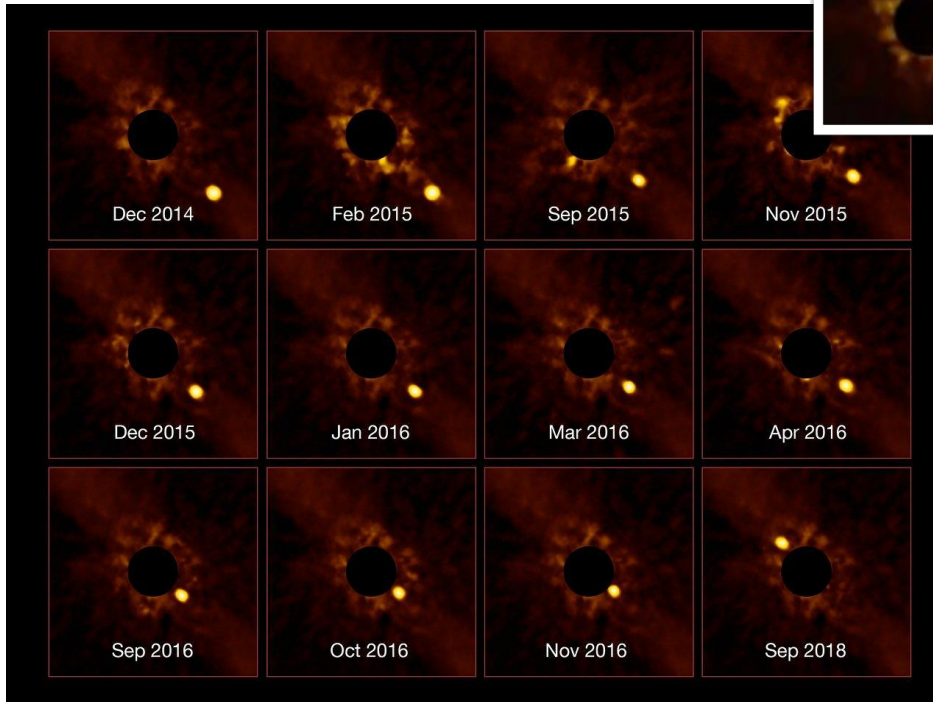


- April 2026: 14 new exoplanets with SPHERE, first protoplanet, three new multiple systems, two new circumbinary planets (SHINE, BEAST, SCORPION, YSES surveys)

Orbits & Architectures

β Pic b, Witnessing a Giant Planet in Revolution!

Stunning Exoplanet Time-lapse!



- Accessing mas-astrometry: for monitoring of exoplanetary orbits, disk sub-structures (blobs, shadows, spirals) & planet-disk interactions/signal unmixing

Synergies: VLT/GRAVITY, RV, Gaia & *ELT*

Vigan et al. (2016), Zurlo et al. (2017), Maire et al. (2018, 2020), Chauvin et al. (2018), Bonnefoy et al. (2018), Mesa et al. (2019), Lagrange et al. (2019), D'Orazi et al. (2019), Nowak et al. (2020), Lacour et al. (2022), Zurlo et al. (2022), Desgrange et al. (2022)

Exoplanetary atmospheres

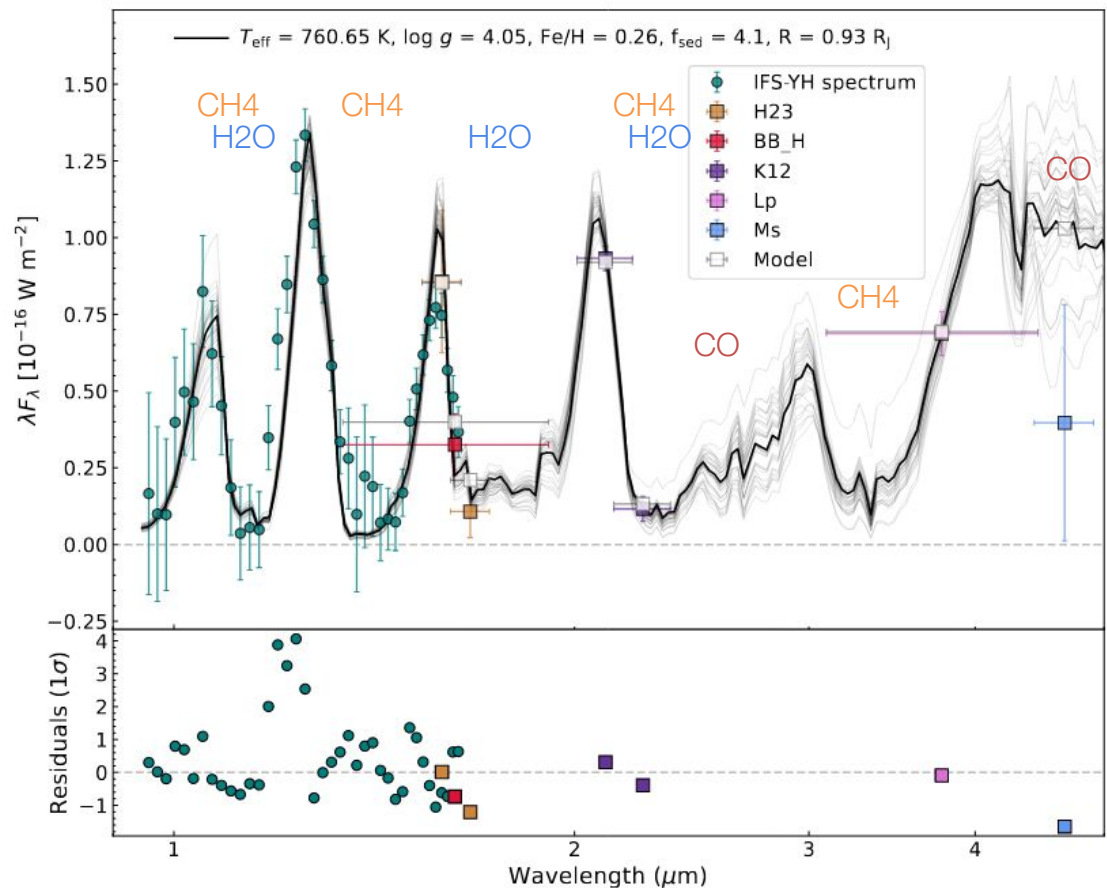
Spectral Characterization of 51 Eridani b

From color-magnitude diagram to
low-resolution spectra of young giant
planets,

51 Peg, F0V star, 29.4pc, 23Myr,
Pictoris Moving Group

51 Eri b, $2.6 M_{\text{Jup}}$ exoplanet
 $a = 11.1 \text{ au}$, $e = 0.53$, $i = 136^\circ$
T3-SpT, $T_{\text{eff}} = 760 \text{ K}$, $\log(g) = 4.05$,
 $\text{Fe}/\text{H} = 0.26$, $f_{\text{sed}} = 4.1$ (large particles,
thin clouds)

Synergies: SINFONI, VLT/Gravity
(K-band), CRRES+, ERIS, JWST
(NIRSpec, MIRI...)

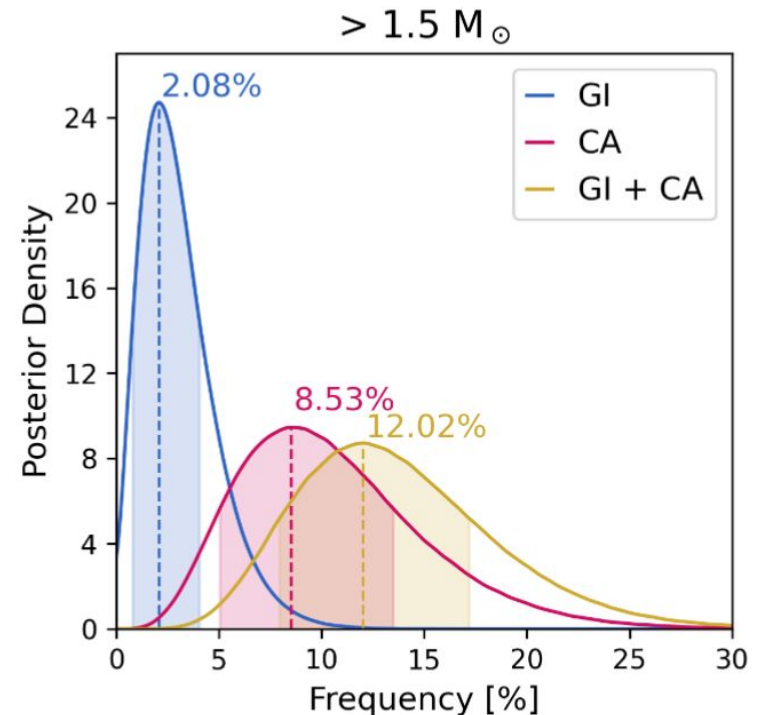
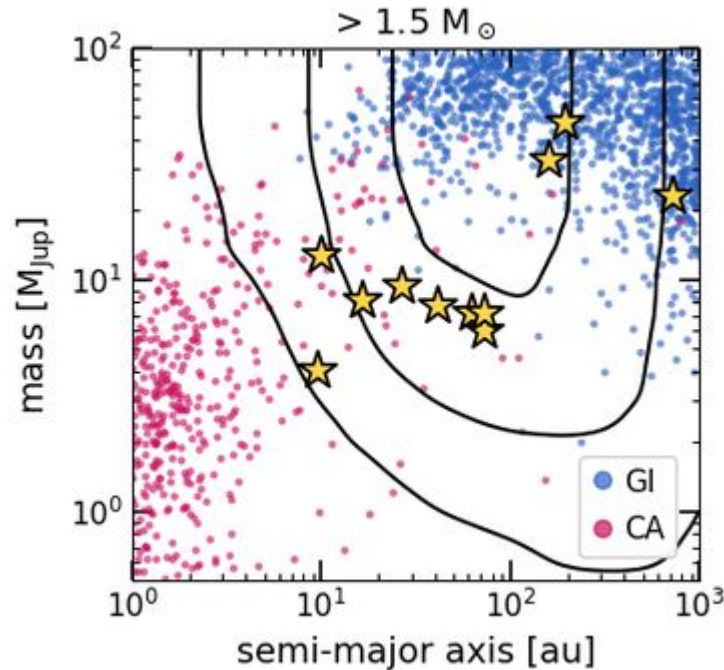


Brown et al. (2022)

Macintosh et al. (2015), Chilcote et al. (2015), [Bonnefoy et al. \(2016\)](#), de Rosa et al. (2016), [Samland et al. \(2017\)](#), [Chauvin et al. \(2017, 2018\)](#), [Delorme et al. \(2017\)](#), [Cheetham et al. \(2018, 2020\)](#), Hoeijmakers et al. (2018), [Mesa et al. \(2019\)](#), Novak et al. (2020), Wang et al. (2021), Petrus et al. (2021), Ruffio et al. 2022, [Desgrange et al. \(2022\)](#), [Brown et al. \(2022\)](#), Hinkley et al. (2022)

Demographics

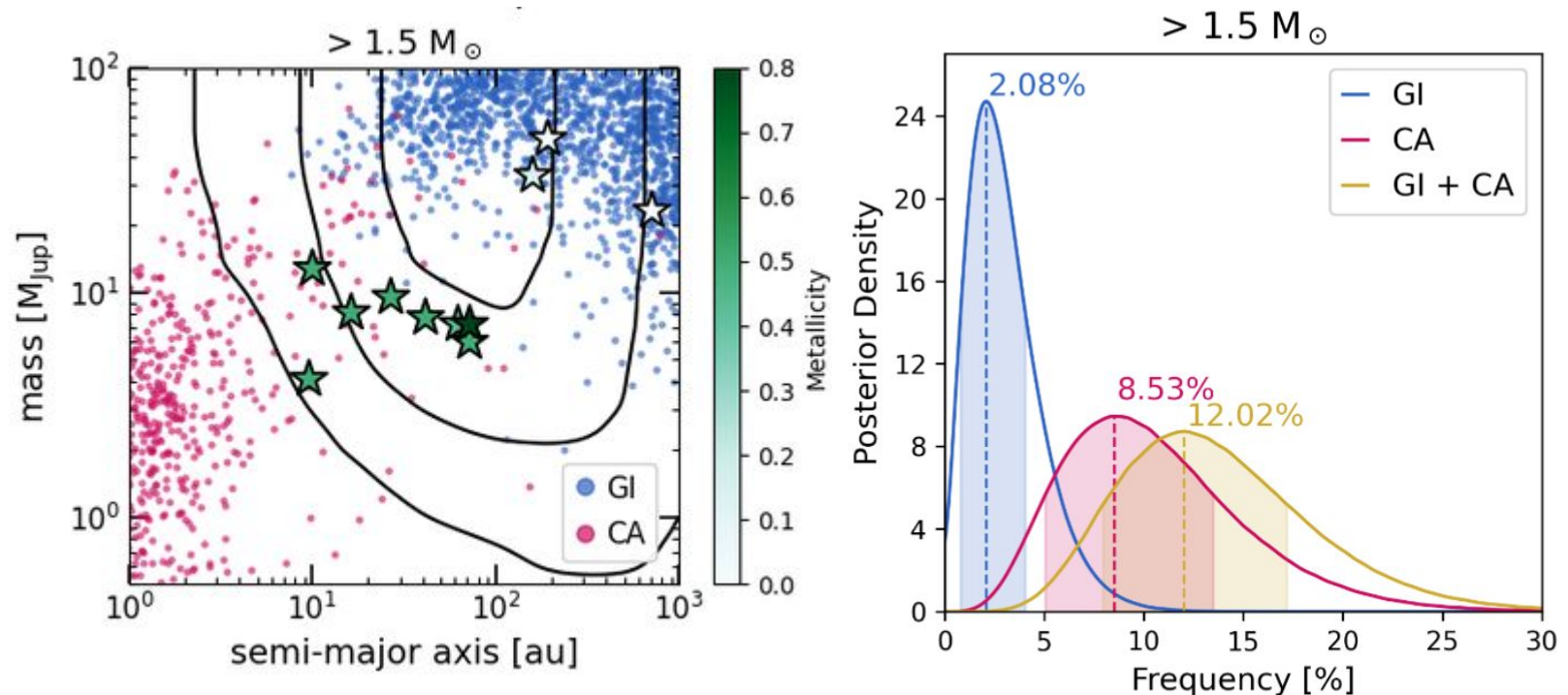
Occurrence of Giant Planets beyond 5 au (SHINE F400, 340 stars)



- Planetary system hosting at least one giant planet (5 - 500 ua, 1-75 M_{Jup}):
 - $> 1.5 M_{\odot}$: $12.0 \pm 5.1\%$
 - $0.8 - 1.5 M_{\odot}$: $4.0 \pm 2.1\%$
 - $< 0.8 M_{\odot}$: $2.7 \pm 2.3\%$
- Overlap of 2 populations (planets/BDs) - [NGPPS & DISPY Bern's group models](#) (e.g. [Schib et al. 2025](#))
- Clear dependency on the stellar mass considering intermediate-mass to low-mass stars

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SPHERE Lessons learned

** 11 years of operation
& 500+ publications (incl. 150+ from GTO)*



Astrophysical success thanks to:

- Well identified science cases, tight specifications & trade-off analysis
- SAXO: xAO high-performances, stability, robustness in terms of operation (< 3% downtime),
- Versatile instrumentation: ZIMPOL, IRDIS and IFS in terms of wavelengths, spectral resolution, field of view & observing modes (ADI, SDI, DPI, RDI),

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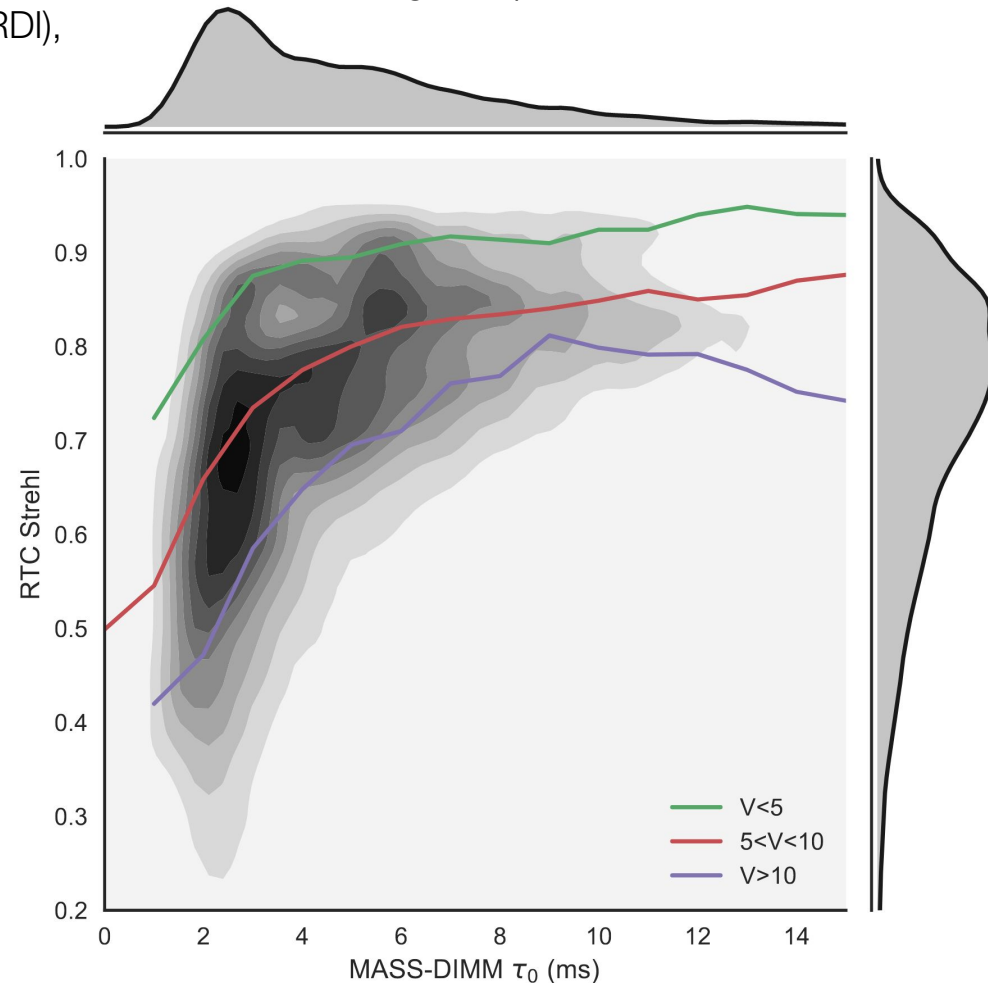
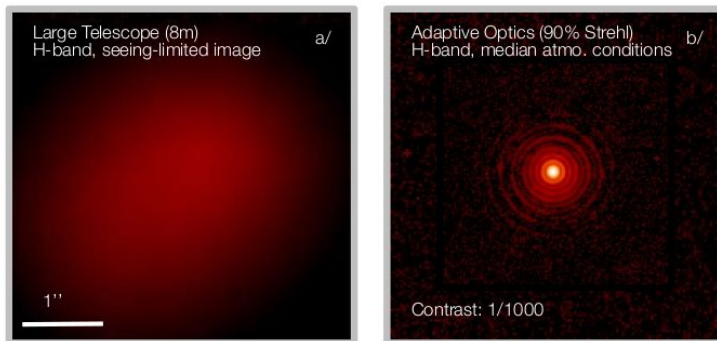


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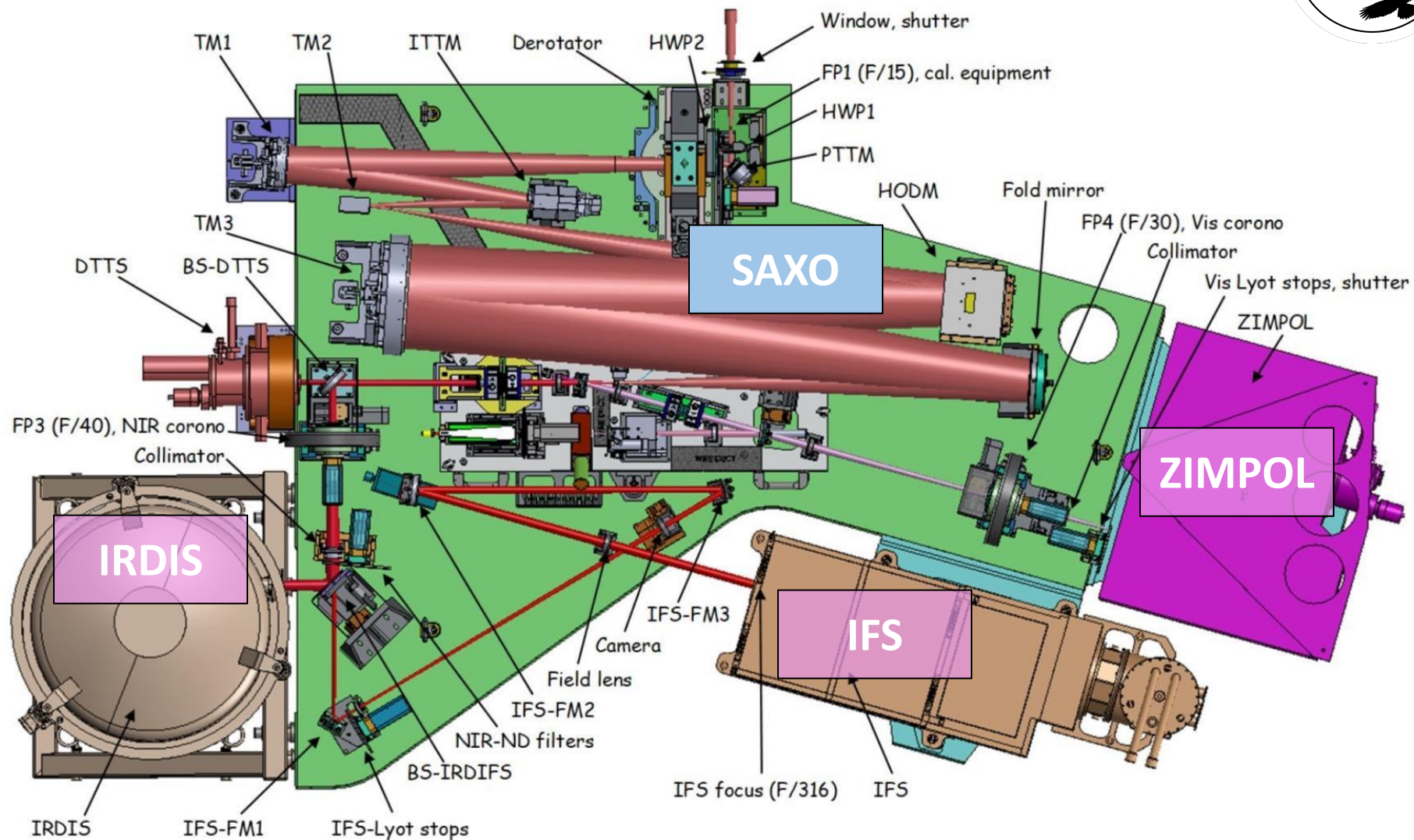
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SAXO Strehl as a function of the coherence time - e.g. Milli et al. (2017)

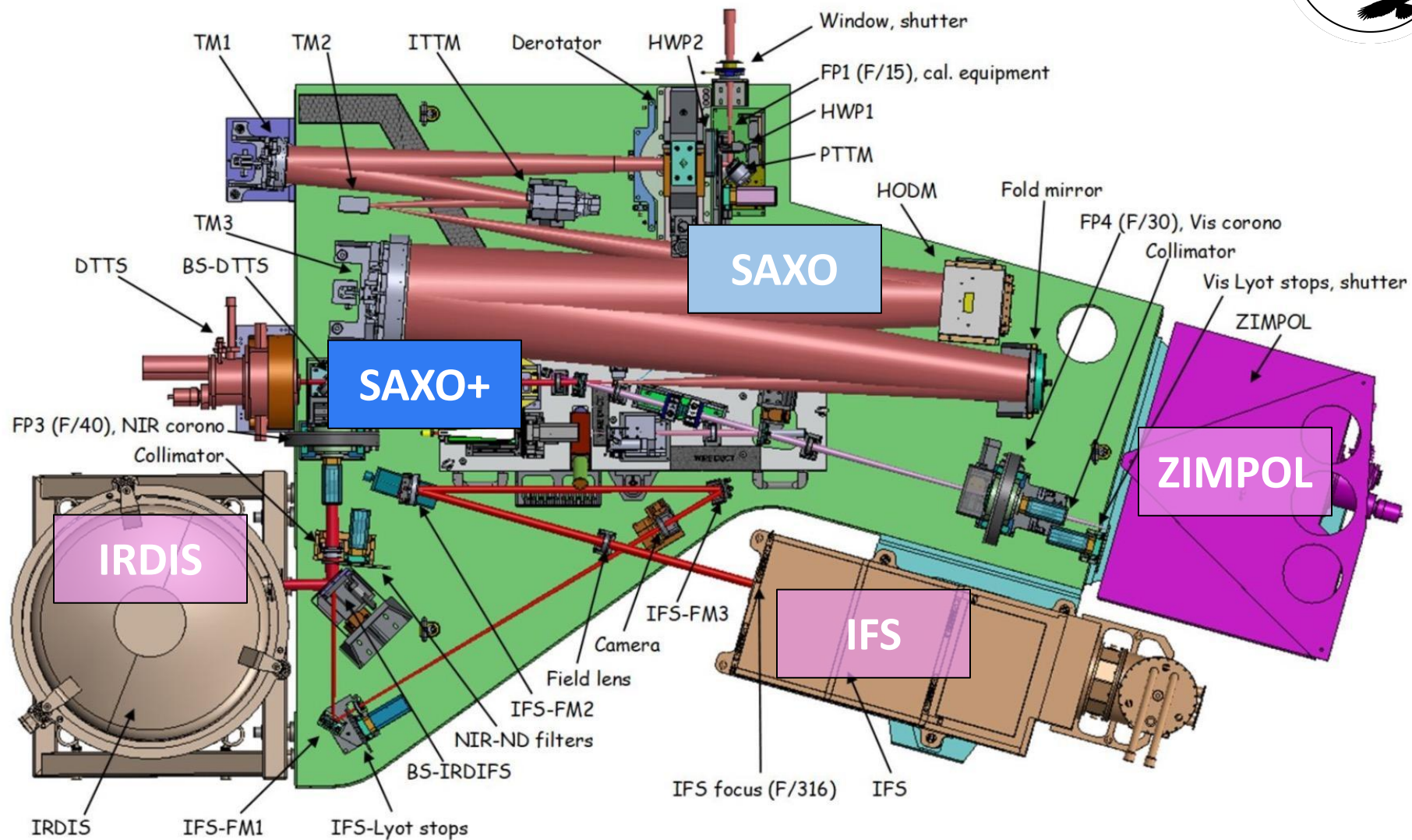
200 000 telemetry data points, with each point corresponding to an average of 20 seconds. These data points are spread over 465 different nights and more than a thousand different stars.



Implementation



Implementation

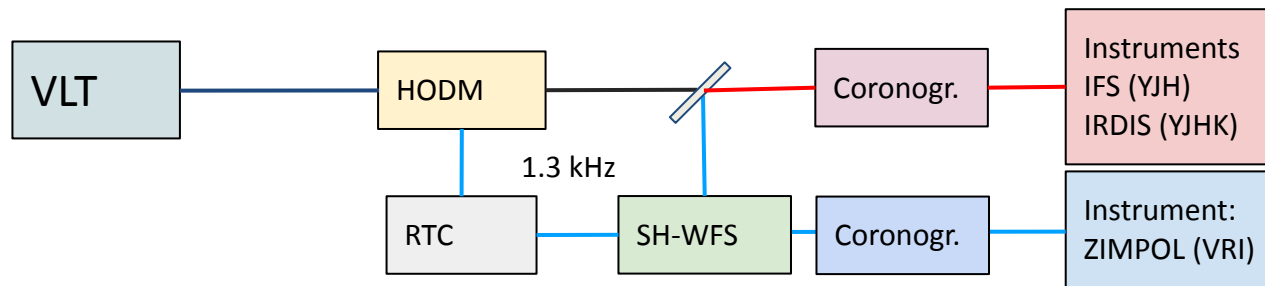


SPHERE+, a second-stage XAO



Concept:

- Do not break SPHERE!
- SAXO+ optics installed on top of the main NIR beam
- HODM2 (34x34) + IR pyramid WFS at 2.7kHz
- Real Time Computer (Cosmic-arch.), Stand-alone(+) & Predictive control
- Keep polarimetric performances
- Dichroics: DIC-Y & DIC-YJ
- New Apodizer
- NCPA control (Dark Hole)

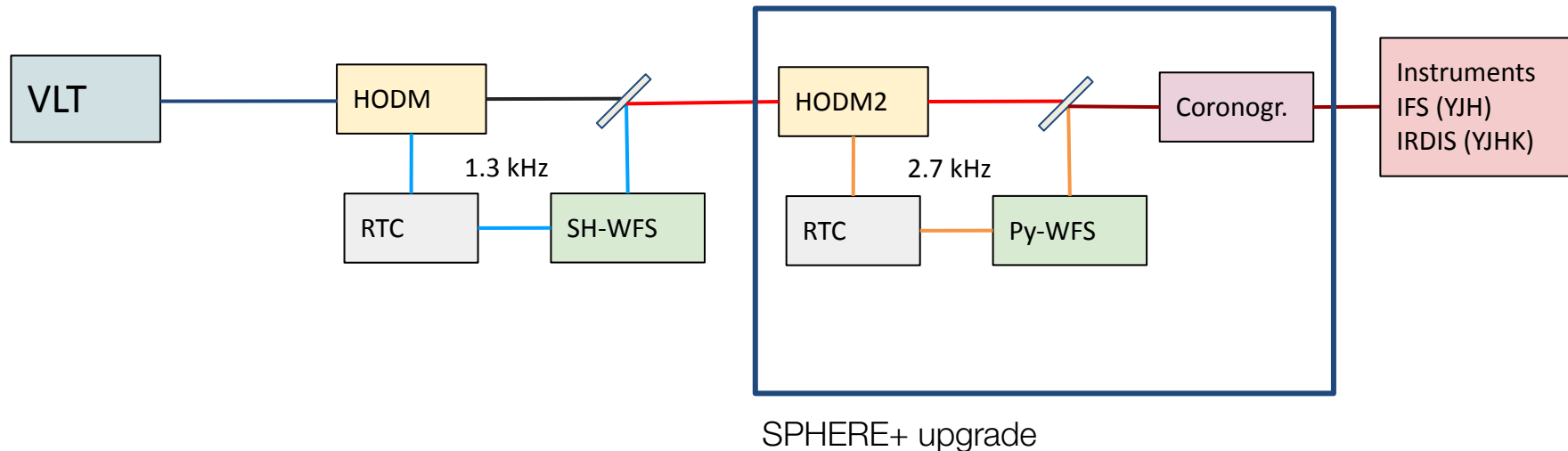


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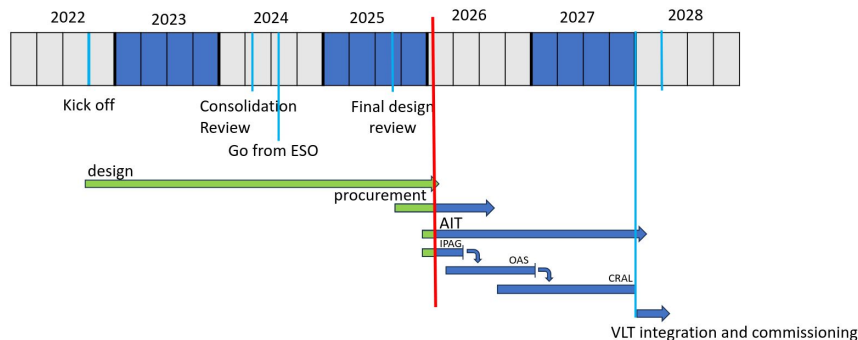
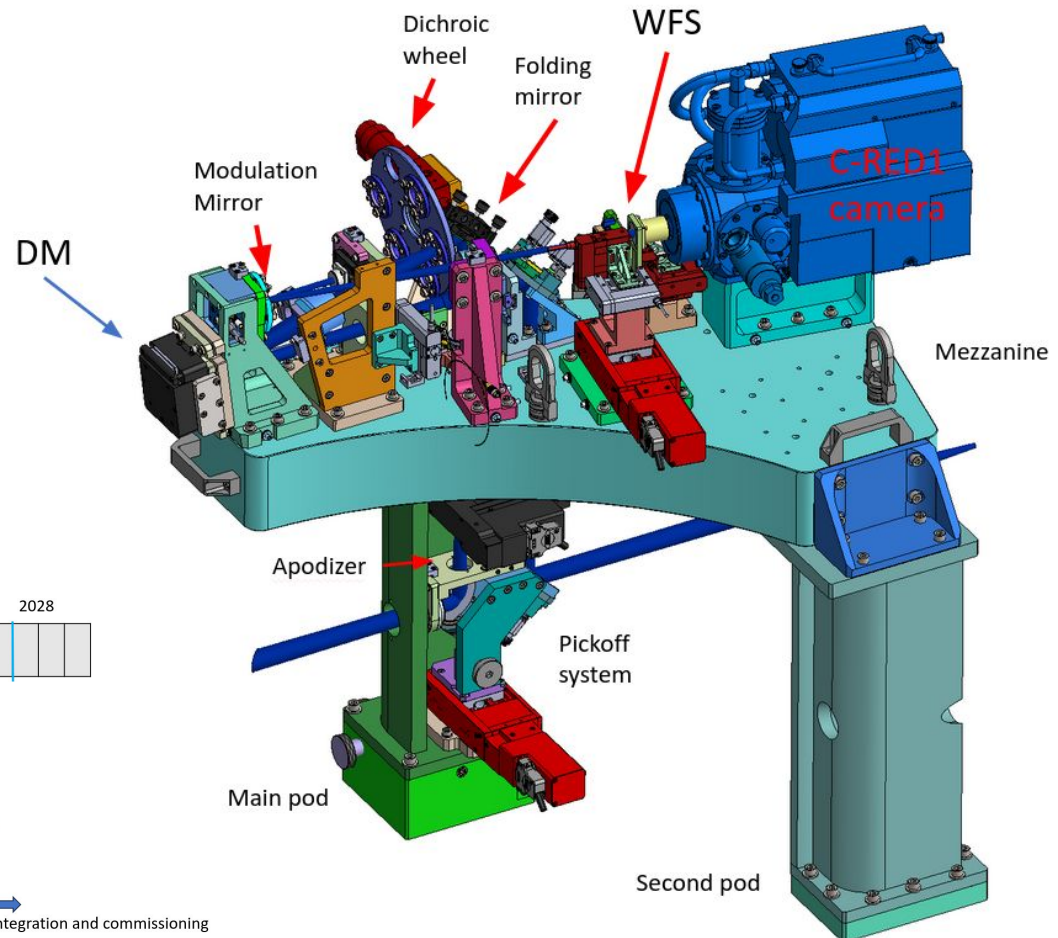
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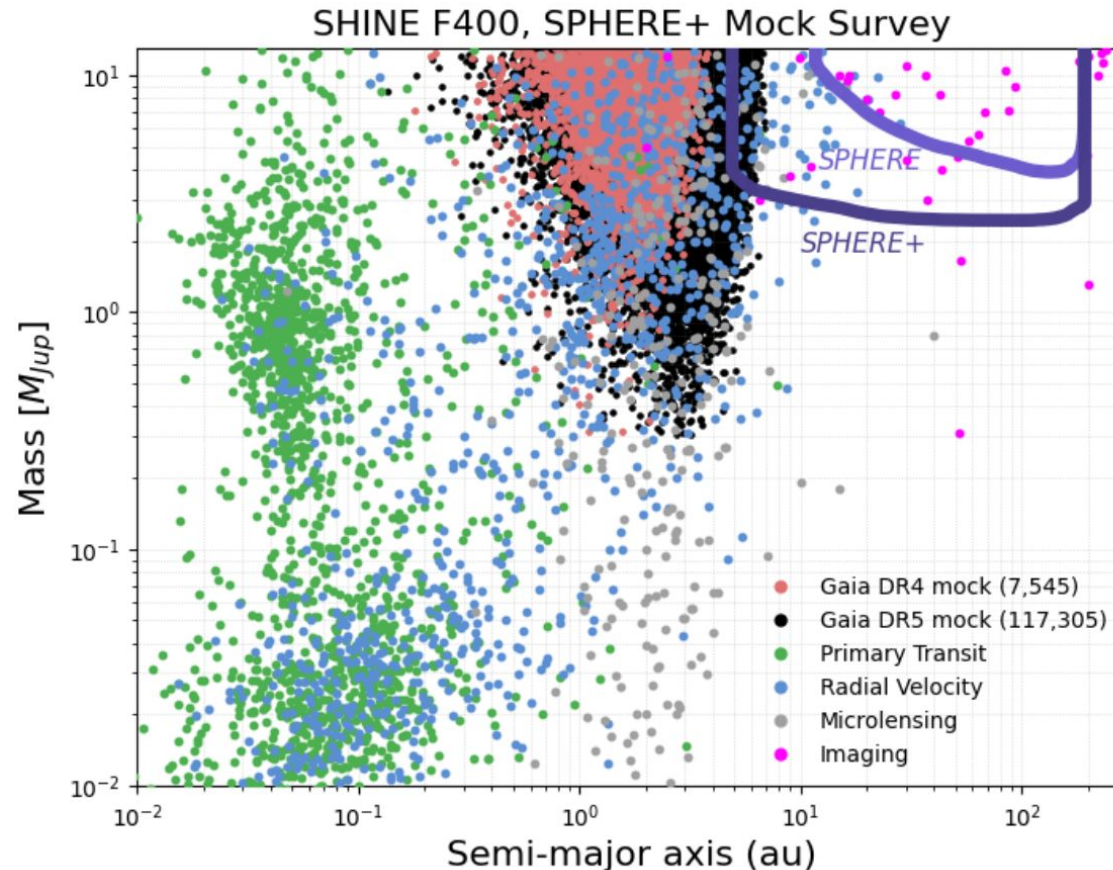
Mechanical Design



SPHERE+ Science Drivers

(*) Gaia will observe 450 (and 1200), young (≤ 500 Myr) stars at distances closer than 50 pc (and 150 pc, respectively)

1. Demographics of young Jupiters down to the snow line



Known exoplanets to date
exoplanets.eu

Sample: Young (< 500 Myr), nearby (< 150 pc) stars
Synergies: RV & Gaia (DR3/DR4)

Trade-off-1 (SAXO+):
2nd stage AO (2.7 kHz)
IR path (IR WFS)

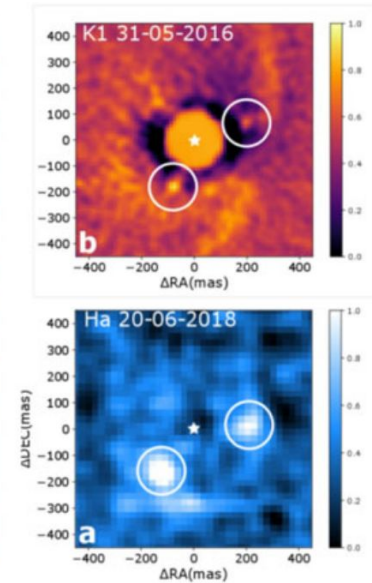
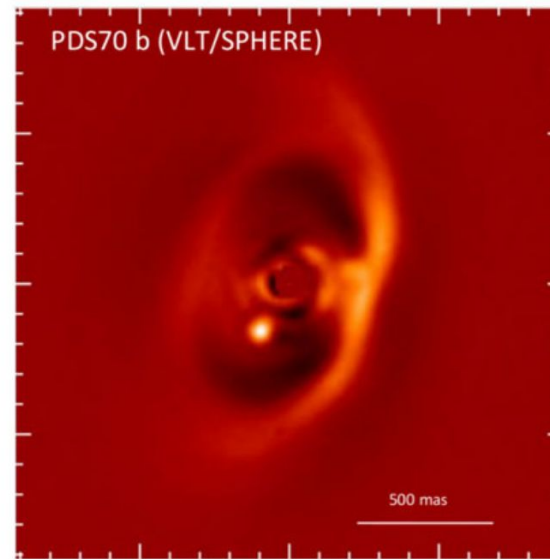
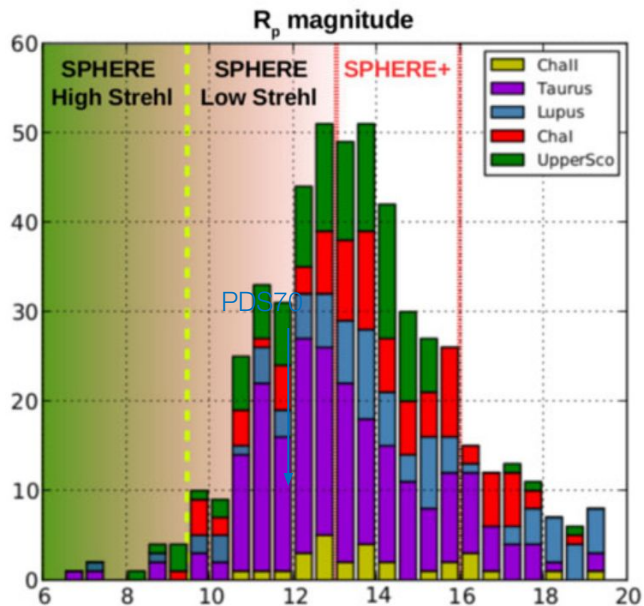
Sc. Req. 1: Deeper/Closer in contrast (10^{-5} at 100mas, 5σ) on bright ($R < 9.5$) targets at H-band

SPHERE+ Science Drivers



2. Discovering protoplanets & planet-forming disk diversity

Keppler et al. (2018), Haffert et al. (2019)

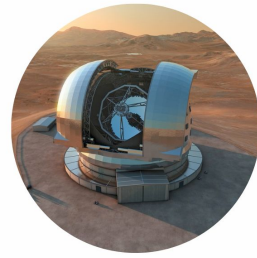


Sample: Faint members from SFRs (400+)
Synergies: ALMA, Gravity, ERIS(+)

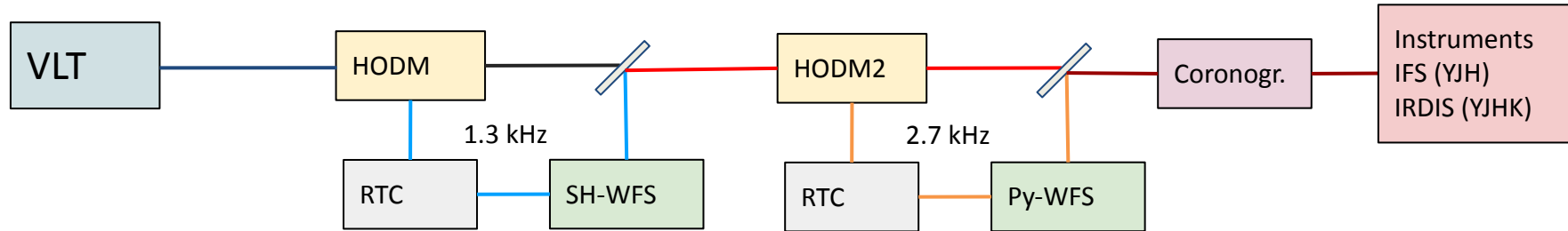
Trade-off-2 (SAXO+): photons sharing btw science and 2nd stage AO,
Pyramid-WFS (more sensitive)

Sc. Req. 2: Accessing fainter/redder targets ($R < 14$ mag, $R - J = 2 - 5$ mag)

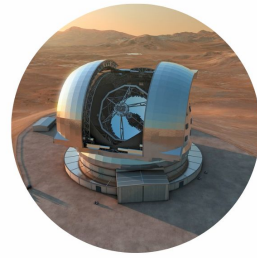
SPHERE+ Science Drivers



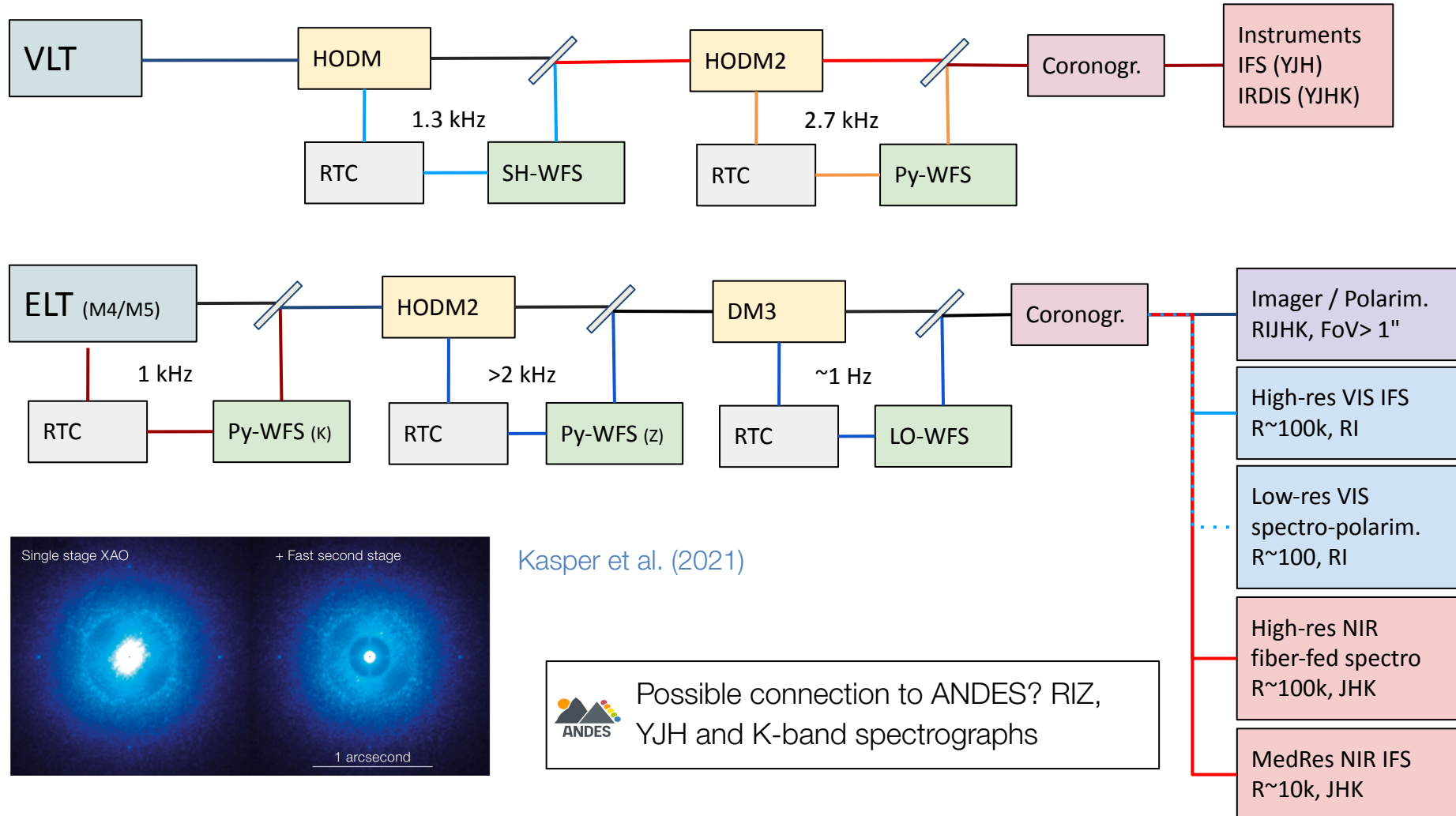
3. Proof of concept for PCS at ELT



SPHERE+ Science Drivers



3. Proof of concept for PCS at ELT



PCS R&D Roadmap

Imaging & characterizing rocky worlds

Validate Science Drivers & Instrument Concept for a kick-off in 2029

